

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

179

Competition

Club

What is the name of your instructor?

(as appropriate)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

176

Competition

Club

What is the name of your Pony Club?

Cohutta Highlanders Pony Club

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

178

Competition

Club

What region are you in?

South

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1059

Competition

Dressage2002 Page 7

You are at a rally and see another member beating her horse while he is tied. Can she be eliminated for this?

yes - excessive cruelty

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

926

Competition

Quiz2002 Page 3

How many captains can your team have?

one

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

794

Competition

HMH2002 Page 28

True or False: At a rally, competitors who have questions are encouraged to ask the Horse Management Judges for assistance.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

786

Competition

HMH2002 Page 27

At a rally, can your Mom or Dad help you arrange your tack room?

NO

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

177

Competition

Club

What is the name of your District Commissioner?

Allison Johnson

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 736

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 6

At D levels, where does the dressage judge sit?

Behind or at the letter C

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 737

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 10

Every dressage test requires you to halt at the end of your test. What do you do after you halt facing the judge?

salute the judge

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 738

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 10

At what letter do you enter a dressage arena?

letter A

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 974

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 18

A good walk is a marching pace. How many beats does it have?

4

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1019

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 3

This morning, you had a safety check done at your formal inspection before your first dressage test. You have a second test to ride this afternoon. Do you need to have another safety check done?

YES

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1024

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 5

As a D, are you allowed to have "grass reins" on your pony for dressage?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1060

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 9

When you ride your pony, it is usually good to talk to and encourage him with your voice. Is this a good idea in a Dressage test?

No, it will cost you 2 points.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1062

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 9

As a D-1, is it OK for someone to call, or read, your dressage test to you during a competition?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1080

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 10

A loose llama races past the dressage arenas and scares your teammate's pony. As a result, she becomes totally confused and cannot remember how to continue her test. Is it possible the judge will let her start over?

Yes. The judge may stop a test and/or allow a competitor to restart a test from any point.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1048

Dressage Dressage2002 Page 5

Do you have to use an English saddle at a Pony Club Dressage Rally?

yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1344

Eventing Eventing2002 Page 8

At a Eventing Rally, riding team members must attend the official "course walk". What is a "course walk"?

when competitors walk the cross country course on foot with an official

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1839

Eventing Eventing2002 Page 16

In which Eventing phase must you ride a course of colorful jumps in an arena?

Stadium jumping

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1838

Eventing Eventing2002 Page 1

Name at least 2 of the three phases of Eventing.

Dressage, Cross Country, Stadium Jumping

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 292

Foxhunting Hounds Page 46

What is a group of puppies or cubs born of the same mother called?

Litter

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1517

Games Games 2003 Page 2

True or False: If you are under 10 years of age on January 1, you can compete in a special Walk-Trot Games division.

true

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1506

Games Games 2003 Page 38

You have heard that Games are a lot of fun and your Mom or Dad has even said they will help your club develop a Games program. What is the single best source for USPC games and game materials?

The Games Competition rulebook

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1840

Games Games2003 Page 2

Is there a stable manager in a Games Competition?

no

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1571

Hands On D Manual Page 7

(selection of helmets and "apparel" hats, including cowboy hats) Sort these hats into two groups. Put the safe ones here, and the unsafe ones over here.

ASTM/SEI on one side, all other on the bad side

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1546

Hands On D Manual Page 288

(from a large selection of riding clothes & ridiculous non-riding clothes) Please select the right clothes & boots for a PC lesson.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 1558

Hands On D Manual Page 232

(horse or pony) What color is this pony?

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 618

HM D Manual Page 131

A pony has two "blind" spots or areas he cannot see well. Since he may be startled into running or kicking if you approach his "blind spots" you need to know where they are. Where are they?

directly behind him and directly in front of him

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 80

HM D Manual Page 153

Ponies are more easily caught when you call their names and give them a tidbit. Do you think this is a good idea?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 619

HM D Manual Page 151

You are saddling your pony and he "blows up." What should you do?

take up the girth a little, untie him and walk him in a circle

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 87

HM D Manual Page 169

The curry comb's chief use is to clean hair and dust from your brushes as you work. It also may be used in another way in your grooming routine. What is it?

To loosen caked dirt and sweat marks in lieu of dandy brush.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

86

HM

D Manual Page 169

Name four things you have in your grooming kit:

Hoof pick; dandy brush; water brush; body brush; sponge; stable rubber; towel; curry comb; bucket

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

89

HM

D Manual Page 168

Mud under the _____ could cause sores and make the pony uncomfortable.

Saddle or girth

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

83

HM

D Manual Page 128

When leading your pony from the near side, where should your right hand be?

About 6" from the halter ring.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

617

HM

D Manual Page 133

Even the quietest pony may be frightened by something which moves quickly or "strangely." Name 2 things which might scare a pony.

balloons, umbrellas, bouncing balls, bicycles, etc.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

79

HM

D Manual Page 127

You are going into the field to catch your pony. Name two things you should take with you to catch him.

Lead rope, shank, halter, tidbit, grain, helmet

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

616

HM

D Manual Page 134

You are going into a field to catch your pony. What should you take along?

helmet, halter and lead rope

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

74

HM

D Manual Page 127

The left side of your pony is called the "NEAR" side. What is the RIGHT side called?

Off

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

65

HM

D Manual Page 154

When you are leading a bridled pony, how far below the bit should your right hand be?

About 6 inches.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

90

HM

D manual Page 168

Before putting the saddle and bridle on your pony, you should be sure that there isn't any dirt or old sweat marks where any of the _____ will touch him.

Leather, girth or tack

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

194

HM

D Manual Page 151

Name two things you must do with your tack just before you mount?

1. Check girth
2. Lower stirrups

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

614

HM

D Manual Page 173

Your pony is kept at grass or pastured. What part of him still requires daily grooming care?

his feet

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

612

HM

D Manual Page 171

Demonstrate or describe how you would use a currycomb on your pony.

in circular motions or from side to side (to loosen caked mud and dirt)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

64

HM

D Manual Page 154

When you are preparing to lead a tacked-up pony, what do you do with the reins and the stirrups?

1. Run up the stirrups.
2. Take the reins over the pony's head.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

68

HM

D Manual Page 165

True or False

In cool weather, if you use water to clean mud off your pony's legs he may get chapped skin and something called mud cracks.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

67

HM

D Manual Page 163

When your pony is hot and sweaty, he should never be allowed to gulp cold water. Name two bad things which can happen to a pony allowed to drink lots of cold water before he is cooled out.

1. Colic (a serious stomach ache)
2. Founder (a serious illness which makes his feet hurt very badly)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

76

HM

D Manual Page 127

If possible, how you should approach your pony?

at the shoulder

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

192

HM

D Manual Page 268

TRUE OR FALSE: As long as the bit will stay in the pony's mouth, it doesn't matter how high or low it is in his mouth.

False

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

131

HM

D Manual Page 188

TRUE or FALSE: Feed tubs and water buckets should be cleaned and disinfected regularly.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

132

HM

D Manual Page 189

TRUE or FALSE: Using a hay net is one good way to feed your horse hay.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

133

HM

D Manual Page 187

TRUE or FALSE: It is a good idea to water your horse before feeding.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

134

HM

D Manual Page 187

Since your pony needs water at all times, you need to fill his water bucket:

4 to 6 times per day

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

135

HM

D Manual Page 184

Horses have small stomachs. There needs to be a little food in the stomach at all times. Should horses be fed grain little and often?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

136

HM

D Manual Page 185

One bulk food for a horse is grass; another bulk food usually fed horses is _____.

Hay

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

137

HM

D Manual Page 185

Which food is more important for your pony?

BULK/ROUGHAGE

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

138

HM

D Manual Page 199

Johnny always smells his pony's feed before he feeds it. Has Johnny made the correct decision?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

139

HM

D Manual Page 186

Nipper has water all the time, along with his hay and grain. Sometimes Nipper likes to lick his salt block. Is having a salt block for Nipper a good way to give him salt?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

140

HM

D Manual Page 186

TRUE or FALSE: Salt is a necessary part of your pony's diet.

TRUE

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

100

HM

D Manual Page 152

The plain noseband should be placed _____ the cheekpiece.

inside

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

191

HM

D Manual Page 270

TRUE OR FALSE: The throatlash and noseband should be as tight as possible.

False

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

93

HM

D Manual Page 148

TRUE OR FALSE: When you saddle up, you should draw up the girth just tight enough to keep the saddle on the pony, and then tighten it again just before mounting.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

615

HM

D Manual Page 138

True or False: It is safest, when leading your pony, to turn him toward away from you.

True; lead away from you (so he won't step on you)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

101

HM

D Manual Page 152

When properly adjusted, the _____ should lie just below the ears.

Browband

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

620

HM

D Manual Page 146

Which of the following would be the best place to put your saddle?

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

202

HM

D Manual Page 280

How much wider should your stirrup be than the widest part of your foot/boot?

1/2" on either side or 1" total of your foot

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

99

HM

D Manual Page 152

Once the bit and crownpiece are in place, you will start doing up the buckles from the _____ down.

Top or ears

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

204

HM

D Manual Page 280

What might happen if the stirrups are too large?

Your foot could slip through.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

98

HM

D Manual Page 152

When you are putting on the bridle, the _____ hand holds the bit.

Left

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

97

HM

D Manual Page 152

When first starting to bridle your pony, what do you do with the reins?

Put the reins over the pony's neck.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

95

HM

D Manual Page 150

When the skin is pinched between the pony's elbow and a tightened girth, it may cause a _____.

Gall or sore

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

94

HM

D Manual Page 148

TRUE OR FALSE: It is very important to check to see that the saddle flaps are down and flat on both sides of the horse.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

141

HM

D Manual Page 193

Sandy just fed her pony his grain and plans to ride right away. Is riding him right after he eats a good idea?

No

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

3

HM

D Manual Page 268

You should check your bit regularly for worn or rough places. You check the bit for these places because:

They can hurt the pony's mouth.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

686

HM

D Manual Page 163

How do you cool out your pony?

walk him until cool (allow small sips of water, cover w/ cooler if it is cool out)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

621

HM

D Manual Page 162

Name one reason you should cool a pony out after exercise.

he may get chills, muscle cramps, colic (bellyache); (keep him healthy)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

684

HM

D Manual Page 267

While grooming you notice a sore on your pony's barrel right behind his elbow. What is this most likely caused by?

girth - rough or dirty or ill fitting

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1636

HM

HMH2002 Page 28

Self-reliant is a big word which means you have to be able to do it yourself, without help or assistance. For a rally, are you expected to be self-reliant?

Yes - competitors are expected to be self-reliant (so rallying is reserved for those who can manage their pony without help)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

683

HM

D Manual Page 169

Name 3 things you should have in your grooming kit.

mane comb, face sponge, dock sponge, body brush, rub rag, sweat scraper, dandy brush, hoof pick, rubber curry comb, plastic scrub brush or water brush, shedding blade

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

816

HM

HMH2002 Page 31

How should you mark your equipment for a rally and what should you mark?

-All equipment
-should be marked with the team name
-color of team pinnies for Games competition
-and/or competitors name or number as specified on the equipment list

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

687

HM

D Manual Page 162

Your pony starts each ride full of energy. He prances out of his stall, moves around while grooming and is VERY frisky. What can you do about this?

turn him out for an hour or so first and/or have an experienced person lunge him

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

632

HM

D Manual Page 194

True or False: In cool weather, if you use water to clean mud off your pony's legs he may get chapped skin and something called mud cracks.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

613

HM

D Manual Page 170

The first thing you should do when you want to groom your pony safely is to _____.

tie him up

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

631

HM

D Manual Page 138

You are walking your pony in the aisle and you wish to stop. How will you get Scruffy to stop with you?

Say "Scruffy, whoa" and stop walking (close your fist on the lead rope and hold your hand still)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

646

HM

D Manual Page 147

Would you want to put your saddle over your pony's stall door while you went to get your lead rope and grooming kit? Why or why not?

no, he might knock it down, step on it or chew on it

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

630

HM

D Manual Page 151

When you dismount, what 2 things should you do before leading him away?

-run up your stirrups
-take/put the reins off of the pony's neck

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

629

HM

D Manual Page 135

Your pony has escaped his paddock and is grazing on your fenced front lawn. Luckily he has his halter on. What should you do?

Always use a lead rope (should he act up or pull away you could be hurt & he could learn a bad habit)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

628

HM

D Manual Page 136

You should hold the lead rope near the pony's halter in your right hand. Where should the extra lead rope be?

folded -- not coiled -- in your left hand

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

627

HM

D Manual Page 137

Why should you always speak to a horse or pony while going up to lead him?

so he knows you are coming; so he won't be startled

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

626

HM

D Manual Page 135

It is wise to approach your pony at the shoulder rather than from the head or hindquarters. Give one reason this is true.

he can see you easily; less likely to shy or run away; easier to get a rope over his head; more difficult for him to kick or bite

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

625

HM

D Manual Page 134

If possible, you should approach your pony _____.

at the shoulder

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

623

HM

D Manual Page 137

From which side do you usually lead your pony?

Near

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

622

HM

D Manual Page 168

Why should you groom your pony?

- clean him
- make him look nice and feel comfortable
- check him for injuries or skin problems
- prevent sores from dirt under tack
- condition his skin
- promote circulation of the blood

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

348

ID

D Manual Page 242

Some horses are under 14.2 hands and will never grow any taller. What do we call these smaller equines?

ponies

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

746

ID

D Manual Page 231

Tell where the pony's point of shoulder, elbow, and crest are

see manual

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

344

ID

D Manual Page 241

What breed of horse is well known for its spots or blanket with spots?

Appaloosa

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

169

ID

D Manual Page 235

Horses and ponies are measured in "hands". How many inches are in a hand?

4 inches

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

170

ID

D Manual Page 235

In general, horses and ponies are divided by their sizes. The tallest a true PONY can be is what?

14 hand, 2 inches

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

174

ID

D Manual Page 233

If a horse has large colored patches of white and any color except black, what is he called?

Skewbald

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

172

ID

D Manual Page 232

Can a chestnut horse have a black mane and tail?

NO

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

742

ID

D Manual Page 231

Tell where the pony's mane, withers and forelock are located.

see manual

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

173

ID

D Manual Page 23

Describe a piebald horse.

A horse with large patches of black and white.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

175

ID

D Manual Page 242

Choose the two PONY BREEDS from the following list:

Thoroughbred	Welsh
Shetland	Arabian
Appaloosa	Morgan

Shetland and Welsh

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

171

ID

D Manual Page 232

If a horse is dark brown all over, he is called brown. If he is brown with black "points" (mane, tail and legs), what color is he called?

Bay

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

351

ID

D Manual Page 242

What very small breed of pony originally came from the Shetland Islands off the coast of Scotland?

Shetland

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

740

ID

D Manual Page 232

Name ten parts of a pony.

see manual if in doubt

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

739

ID

D Manual Page 235

What is a foal?

a baby horse or pony (either sex)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

492

ID

D Manual Page 245

Describe your pony for me.

two characteristics: size, age, sex, color, markings, breed or type, and any obvious conformation characteristics or blemishes (brand or scars)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

491

ID

D Manual Page 243

If when you stand back from your pony, his head looks like it belongs on a much larger horse, would you say he has good overall balance?

no

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

743

ID

D Manual Page 231

Tell where the pony's hoof, shoulder and hindquarters are located.

see manual

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

473

ID

D Manual Page 239

What is your pony's fastest gait?

gallop

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

935

Quiz

Quiz2002 Page 3

What one does everyone have to wear for a Quiz competition?

USPC pin (accept name tag or number as this is also true)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

955

Quiz

Quiz2002 Page 7

True or False: If you only get part of a Quiz answer correct, you will get partial credit.

true

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

947

Quiz

Quiz2002 Page 6

What should you do to let me know when you have finished answering a Quiz question?

Sit down.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

944

Quiz

Quiz2002 Page 6

How many times will a question be read for a competitor at Quiz?

twice

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

928

Quiz

Quiz2002 Page 6

You are 12 years old and are at a Quiz competition and you do not know the answer to the question you have just been asked. What should you do?

Say "May I please confer?" so that you can consult your teammates.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

7

Riding

D Manual Page 26

True or False: It is correct to leave your left foot in the stirrup until the right foot hits the ground when dismounting.

No

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

111

Riding

D Manual Page 28

It is important for the rider to have the ball of his _____ resting on the stirrup so that his _____ joint can move easily with the movement of the horse.

Foot ankle

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

5

Riding

D Manual Page 26

If you are carrying a whip, in which HAND do you hold it when dismounting?

Left

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

119

Riding

D Manual Page 33

The reins are a very important piece of tack when you are riding. What's one of the things reins are useful for?

to help you guide your pony in the direction you want to go

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

120

Riding

D Manual Page 33

TRUE OR FALSE: You should never use the reins to keep your balance in the saddle. One good reason for this is that you will hurt the pony's mouth.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

6

Riding

D Manual Page 26

On which SIDE of your pony do you usually dismount?

Left or near side

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

112

Riding

D Manual Page 28

The rider's toes should be pointing up and _____.

Forward

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

114

Riding

D Manual Page 35

If you want your pony to slow up or stop, the right way to do it is to:

Straighten your back and sit down, keeping your hands still if the pony pulls

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

115

Riding

D Manual Page 29

The rider's _____ should hang down straight from his shoulders to his elbows.

Arms

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

116

Riding

D Manual Page 32

What is the correct way to hold your hand on the reins?

thumbs up

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

118

Riding

D Manual Page 33

TRUE OR FALSE: When you are holding the reins correctly, there should be a straight line from your elbows, through the reins, to your pony's mouth.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

48

Riding

D Manual Page 29

If a rider's back is straight but her feet and legs are out ahead of her back and her weight is out of balance backward, what is her position problem called?

Chair seat

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

47

Riding

D Manual Page 29

If a rider's head and eyes are down, her back is round, and she is sitting out of balance with her arms out ahead of her body, what is her position problem?

Slumping

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

46

Riding

D manual Page 29

Name 3 things about your body position that show you are in a good balanced seat.

1. Eyes up
2. Arms hang beside ribs
3. Knees, ankles relaxed
4. Head balanced
5. Back straight
6. Balanced on seat bones

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

45

Riding

D Manual Page 23

Name 3 safety rules for riding which don't have anything to do with what the rider is wearing.

See Manual for list of safety rules

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

8

Riding

D Manual Page 26

True or False: It is correct to dismount by dropping both stirrups and vaulting off your pony.

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

9

Riding

D Manual Page 26

There are three things to do immediately after dismounting at the end of a ride. Put them in the correct order:

- a. loosen the girth
- b. take the reins over the pony's head
- c. run up the stirrups

B, C, A

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

52

Riding

D Manual Page 31

True or False: When you ride, you must grip tight with your knees and thighs to keep you from falling off.

False

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

113

Riding

D Manual Page 30

When the rider is sitting correctly in the saddle, his head will be _____, and he will look between the pony's ears.

Up

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

55

Riding

D Manual Page 33

When you ride, what might happen if your reins are too long?

You will have no control of your pony.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

121

Riding

D Manual Page 105

Name two of the four natural aids.

1. Hands
2. seat
3. legs
4. voice

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

62

Riding

D Manual Page 47

What can you do to keep from balancing on the reins and pulling on your pony's mouth?

1. Put your hands on your pony's neck.
2. Hold on to a neckstrap.
3. Give your pony enough rein so he can relax his mouth and neck.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

63

Riding

D Manual Page 48

These special reins run from the saddle through the brow band loop to the bit, and keep a pony from putting his head down. What are they called?

grass reins

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

61

Riding

D Manual Page 47

Why would a pony pull on the reins so hard that the reins hurt your hands?

Someone may have pulled on his mouth before and hurt him; you may be holding the reins too short; your hands may bounce or you may be balancing on the reins.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

60

Riding

D Manual Page 44

If you are having trouble with your pony and find yourself getting angry and upset, what should you do?

1. Ask your instructor for help with the problem.
2. Stop, dismount, and give yourself enough time to calm down.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

78

Riding

D Manual Page 127

True or False: It is a good idea to talk to your pony while working around him.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

59

Riding

D Manual Page 37

When you are riding, what three aids do you use to keep your pony on the track next to the rail of the ring?

1. Look ahead where you want him to go.
2. Squeeze or nudge him with your inside leg--the one toward the center of the ring.
3. Steer him out toward the rail with both hands.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

84

Riding

D Manual Page 137

What is the correct way to start your pony moving forward on the lead rope?

speak and walk forward yourself

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

58

Riding

D Manual Page 35

When you are riding, what is the FIRST thing you should do when you want your pony to stop moving forward?

Take a deep breath and sit tall.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

96

Riding

D Manual Page 148

Why do we generally put the bridle on last?

To give the pony a chance to get used to the feel of the saddle before you tighten the girth.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

103

Riding

Unknown Page

Someone helps you onto your pony because he is too tall for you. This is called a _____.

Leg up.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

56

Riding

D Manual Page 33

When you ride, what might happen if your reins are too short, or if you use them to balance yourself by pulling on them?

Your pony will be uncomfortable and his mouth will hurt.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

49

Riding

D Manual Page 29

If a rider is leaning too far forward, her back is stiff and hollow, and she is sitting on the front of her seat, what is her position problem called?

Perching

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

54

Riding

D Manual Page 31

When you ride, your thumbs should be in what position?

Up

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

53

Riding

D Manual Page 31

True or False: When you ride, your feet should push hard against the stirrups and your heels should be in front of your knees.

False

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

51

Riding

D Manual Page 31

True or False: When you ride, if you take a deep breath it relaxes your seat and back, and helps you sit up tall.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

104

Riding

D Manual Page 284

TRUE OR FALSE: You should always sit in the middle of the saddle seat.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

105

Riding

D Manual Page 29

You should keep your back _____ and upright, but not stiff. (STRAIGHT or BENT)

Straight

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

50

Riding

D Manual Page 30

True or False: When you ride, if your head tips down or to the side, your pony will be able to feel it and may think he is supposed to stop or turn.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

106

Riding

D Manual Page 29

TRUE OR FALSE: You should keep your knees and ankles stiff except when posting.

False

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

107

Riding

D Manual Page 28

YES OR NO: If you ride with your knees and ankles stiff, will the rest of your body probably be stiff also?

Yes

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

108

Riding

D Manual Page 29

When your foot is in the stirrup correctly, how should the leather hang?

Vertical to the level ground.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

109

Riding

D Manual Page 29

If the stirrup leather is vertical to the level ground, the position of the lower leg will be:

Behind the girth

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

110

Riding

D Manual Page 28

You are sitting correctly in the saddle and your heels are lower than your toes. Why?

because the weight of your leg is resting in the heel; because your ankle is relaxed, not stiff

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

57

Riding

D Manual Page 33

True or False: If you ride with high hands, no bend in your elbow, and with your arms stretched out in front of you, your pony can pull you forward out of the saddle.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

590

Riding

D Manual Page 236

A gait is a way in which your pony can move. A gallop is one gait. Can you name 3 other gaits?

walk, trot, canter

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

199

Riding

D Manual Page 26

When you start to mount, which way do you face?

towards the pony's tail

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

200

Riding

D Manual Page 26

TRUE OR FALSE

When mounting from the near side, always put your right foot in the stirrup first.

False

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

201

Riding

D Manual Page 26

Your feet in the stirrups should rest on:

the ball

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

205

Riding

D Manual Page 26

When you swing your right leg over the saddle, what must you be careful not to do?

Touch the pony's hindquarters.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

207

Riding

D Manual Page 26

TRUE OR FALSE: If you happen to brush the pony's rump with your foot while mounting, the pony might buck or kick.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

377

Riding

D Manual Page 237

What gait is slightly faster than a walk?

trot

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

198

Riding

D Manual Page 280

Choose three things that might happen if you have the reins too long or too short while mounting.

1. pony might bite
2. pony might walk on
3. pony might lose shoe
4. pony may put his head down to graze

1,2, and 4

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

821

Riding

D Manual Page 38

While riding, what should you do with your eyes when you are changing direction?

turn your eyes in the new direction

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

206

Riding

D Manual Page 26

What might happen if you kick your pony's hindquarters while swinging into the saddle?

Pony might be startled and move forward before you are secure.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

825

Riding

D Manual Page 39

When first learning to trot, what can you hold on to so that you don't hurt your pony's mouth when you bounce around?

pommel or neck strap

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

122

Riding

D Manual Page 105

Name two artificial aids.

Whips, spurs, and/or martingale

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

824

Riding

D Manual Page 38

TRUE OR FALSE: To turn your pony you should turn your eyes, your seat and your hand to the new direction and use your legs to keep him going.

TRUE

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

195

Riding

D Manual Page 25

How can you tell if your stirrup leathers are about the right length before you mount?

Measure the length of the leather and stirrup from the stirrup bar against your arm from fist to armpit.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

823

Riding

D Manual Page 38

While riding Scruffy, he slows to a crawl on every turn. What should you do?

use your legs to keep him going

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

822

Riding

D Manual Page 38

One way you can practice turns and changes of directions is to set up items to steer around. What does the manual recommend you use?

cones, buckets or other markers

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

820

Riding

D Manual Page 38

While you are riding, your instructor tells you to change direction. Tell two ways you might do this.

by turning across the ring or with a reverse (or half circle)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

168

Riding

D Manual Page 44

TRUE or FALSE: A way to reward your pony is by patting him on the neck.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

163

Riding

D Manual Page 220

You are in a riding lesson. Your horse is faster than the one in front of you. What should you do?

Pass the horse in front on the inside, leaving plenty of room. You may circle around or cut across to the opposite side of the arena.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

162

Riding

Hounds

If the rider in front of you has put a red ribbon in his pony's tail, what does this mean?

He is a kicker -- stay back.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

208

Riding

D Manual Page 26

When you mount, you know that it is important to ease yourself into the saddle so that the pony will get used to your weight. If you land too heavily in the saddle, the pony might _____.

Buck

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

125

Riding

D Manual Page 35

When you are asking your pony to slow up or halt, what should you do with your legs?

Close them against his sides

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

197

Riding

D Manual Page 26

When you have your reins in one hand ready to mount, how long should they be?

Just tight enough to keep your horse from moving.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

165

Riding

D Manual Page 287

Wearing a bulky down jacket to lessons might cause what problem?

Makes it hard for your instructor to see your position.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

164

Riding

D Manual Page 287

Why is it unsafe to chew gum while riding?

You may choke on it.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

167

Riding

D Manual Page 340

Why should the pants you ride in fit closely around the lower leg?

because loose pants legs look untidy; because they will chafe your knee and calf; because they might brush the pony's rump as you mount or dismount

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

124

Riding

D Manual Page 41

When rising (posting) to the trot, what should your body position be?

tilted a little forward

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

685

Riding

D Manual Page 23

Name 3 rules for dressing safely when riding.

-ASTM/SEI helmet, properly fitted w/ chin strap fastened
-shoes or boots with hard, smooth sole and definite heel
-long pants that don't wrinkle, rub or bind
-shirt or sweater that tucks in
-no loose scarves, pins or barrettes in hair, earrings, bracelets, rings or waist packs

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

123

Riding

D Manual Page 35

When riding at the walk, how should you sit?

sit up straight and move in rhythm with your pony

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

190

Riding

D Manual Page 152

Which do you do first: guide the bit into the pony's mouth, or put the crownpiece over his ears?

Guide the bit into the pony's mouth.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

193

Riding

D Manual Page 25

From which side of your pony do you generally mount?

Left or near side.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

688

Riding

D Manual Page 161

How would you warm up your pony?

walk about fifteen minutes (circles, halts, turns, short trail ride), then trot and canter

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

196

Riding

D Manual Page 26

In which hand do you hold the reins when mounting from the near side?

left hand

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

166

Riding

HMH2002 Page 34

If you have rubber pads in your stirrups, is it OK to wear rubber riding boots?

Yes, they are discouraged, but allowed.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1226

Safety

D Manual Page 25

Name three things you should check on your bridle before riding.

all parts straight & buckled properly; bit fit correctly; strap ends in keepers/runners; noseband, throatlash & curb chain fit correctly

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

77

Safety

D Manual Page 127

Why should you always speak to a horse or pony while going up to lead him?

So he knows you're coming;
So he won't be startled, etc.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

73

Safety

D Manual Page 220

You are riding in a large, busy ring with people riding in both directions at the same time. When you meet another rider face to face, you should pass carefully, just like two cars in traffic. Which horse and rider shoulders come closest to each other, left to left or right to right?

Left to left

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

72

Safety

D Manual Page 220

Your pony is faster than the pony in front of you riding on the rail in the ring. How should you pass?

Turn and ride across the ring (or circle back to an open space).

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

81

Safety

D Manual Page 153

You often give your pony tidbits from your hand. The pony may get a bad habit because of this. What is this bad habit called?

He will become a "nipper".

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

70

Safety

D Manual Page 219

If you allow your pony to crowd up close behind another pony when you are riding in the ring together, what might happen?

The pony in front may kick your pony.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

69

Safety

D Manual Page 219

You have come to a ring with a closed gate. All your friends are riding in a circle with the instructor in the middle. What must you do before you open the gate and join them?

Ask for permission so you won't upset the ponies by opening the gate with no warning.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

85

Safety

D Manual Page 141

Often you will need to tie up your pony to groom him or saddle him. Give two SAFETY reasons why you should tie him.

To teach him to stand quietly. So he won't bite/leave/roll/step on you.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1224

Safety

D Manual Page 25

Name three things you should check on your saddle before riding.

saddle pad straight; saddle fits properly; girth is tight; safety bars open; girth properly buckled; approx. 1 inch extra room in stirrup iron (be sure to check both sides)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1228

Safety

D Manual Page 24

What should you always do before mounting your pony?

do a safety check

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

71

Safety

D Manual Page 219-

You are riding with your group in the ring and your stirrup leather comes off the safety bar of the saddle. The stirrup is still on your foot, but you need to get the leather back on the bar. Where should you go to do this?

To the center of the ring, out of the way of the other riders.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1230

Safety

D Manual Page 25

Where should the bight be when you are mounting?

on the far side

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

203

Safety

D Manual Page 280

What might happen if the stirrups are too small?

Your foot may get stuck, hung up in the stirrup, or your foot may not go in, etc.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

66

Safety

D Manual Page 154

When you are leading a bridled pony, what do you do with the end of the reins?

Fold up the end and hold it in your left hand so it won't drag on the ground.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1222

Safety

D Manual Page 25

It is important that both of your stirrups are the same length. How can you check this before mounting?

Make sure your pony is standing squarely, pull down both irons, check from the front to see if they are level.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1220

Shoeing

D Manual Page 205

What part of your body grows like a horse's hoof?

fingernail or toenail

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

884

Show Jumping

HMH2002 Page 28

Listen carefully and tell me what violations or misstatements you hear: You are a D-1 team at a Show Jumping rally, and one of the moms comes into your tack room to help you hang your message board.

unauthorized assistance can be penalized by elimination

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1809

Show Jumping

ShowJump2003 Page 20

Cindy is happily trotting her pony toward the next fence at a Show Jumping rally. Suddenly he stops, backs up and then continues trotting down over the fence. What will the Judge do?

award 3 penalty points for the disobedience/loss of forward movement

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1819

Show Jumping

ShowJump2003 Page 6

At a USPC Show Jumping rally, which of the following is true:

a pony does not have to be shod, only properly trimmed

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1826

Show Jumping

ShowJump2003 Page 6

You did not untack your pony after your first class at the Show jump rally -- you just loosened his girth and took your helmet off while you got a drink. Now it is time for your second class. You want to Warm up in the schooling area. Do you need another safety check?

Yes (both horse & rider must have a safety check before each entry into the schooling area)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

895

Standards

Test

You are unrated and you are going for your D-1 rating. Name at least three of the elements (that means three things you must do) that are required of you while riding on the flat.

mount & dismount w/ assistance; at halt - hold reins correctly, shorten and lengthen; demonstrate basic correct position at halt; ride at controlled walk and trot; simple change of direction at walk & trot; gradual transition from walk to trot and trot to walk

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

497

Tack

D Manual Page 247

What does it mean to untack your pony?

to remove his bridle and saddle

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

2

Tack

D Manual Page 260

TRUE or FALSE: It is very important to check the stitching on your tack as well as the leather.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

657

Tack

D Manual Page 262

Why should a nylon halter have a leather crownpiece in order to be safe?

so it will break if your pony pulls back

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1229

Tack

D Manual Page 25

When mounting, you should always make sure the "bight" is on the far side. What is the "bight"?

the extra loop of rein

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

397

Tack

D Manual Page 256

Mom always tells you to use lots of soap and water when washing your hands. Should you use lots of water and soap to clean your tack?

no, as little water as possible

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

189

Tack

D Manual Page 152

When you have put the bridle on and straightened it, all the ends of the straps should be put neatly through their _____.

Runners or keepers

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1

Tack

D Manual Page 260

Many of the pieces of your tack are stitched together. Which lasts longer, LEATHER or STITCHES?

Leather

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

102

Tack

D Manual Page 269

A bit that is too _____ in the pony's mouth might bang against his teeth.

Low

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 383

Tack D Manual Page 255

Is it a good idea to leave your saddle pad under your saddle when you put it on a rack? Why or why not?

no (it needs to hang to dry)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 92

Tack D Manual Page 259

The inside of your saddle is very important. The _____ is the foundation or base of the saddle. (You would never want to use a saddle if this was broken.)

Tree

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 91

Tack D Manual Page 266

The _____ holds the saddle on the pony.

Girth

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 386

Tack D Manual Page 255

How should you store your bridle?

hang it up

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 387

Tack D Manual Page 256

Name three things you need to clean your tack.

small sponges, clean rags, small bucket of warm water, leather cleaner (castile or Murphy's Oil Soap), leather conditioner (pure neatsfoot oil or Lexol), leather protector (glycerin), saddle rack or sawhorse

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 88

Tack D Manual Page 247

What is the common term used for saddles, girths, bridles, etc.?

Tack

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 499

Tack D Manual Page 247

In Pony club what type of tack is used?

English tack

CHPC Study Cards: D-1 394

Tack D Manual Page 256

Give two reasons why you should clean your tack?

make it last, prevent damage from sweat, dirt, water, condition it, prevent cracking, check stitching, etc.

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

642

Tack

D Manual Page 263

True or False: You should check the adjustment or fit of your tack every time you ride.

True

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

496

Tack

D Manual Page 247

What do you call your pony's saddle, bridle, and equipment?

tack

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

82

Tack

D Manual Page 127

Does the crownpiece of the halter or bridle go in FRONT of the ears or BEHIND the ears?

Behind

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

498

Tack

D Manual Page 247

What is a store that sells tack called?

tack shop

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

502

Tack

D Manual Page 248

Name three parts of the saddle.

pommel, skirt, seat, cantle, D-ring, stirrup bar, stirrup leather, stirrup iron, saddle flap, keeper, rear panel, sweat flap, front panel, gullet

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

505

Tack

D Manual Page 249

Name three parts of the bridle.

crownpiece, throatlash, cheekpiece, bit, noseband (cavesson, flash), browband, reins

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

506

Tack

D Manual Page 249

Locate the _____ and the _____ of the bridle.

(choose two: browband, reins, crownpiece, cheekpiece, noseband, throatlash or bit)

see diagram on pg 249 of D Manual

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

521

Tack

D Manual Page 250

What do you call the metal, rubber or nylon piece you put into your pony's mouth?

bit

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

538

Tack

D Manual Page 251

How is a snaffle different from a kimberwicke?

a snaffle works by direct pressure but a kimberwicke works by leverage (multiplying the pressure applied)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

561

Tack

D Manual Page 254

What should you do to take care of the leather on your bridle and saddle?

clean it (and oil it or condition it)

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

563

Tack

D Manual Page 253

Name two things you should do to care for your tack properly.

answers may vary - clean, condition, placement, repair

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

391

Tack

D Manual Page 256

You want to give your bridle a thorough cleaning. You have everything you need. How should you start?

take your bridle apart

CHPC Study Cards: D-1

1341

Turnout

D Manual Page 283

Turnout can be everyday, informal or formal. What is "turnout"?

the way you and your pony are dressed and prepared to ride

Use the blank cards to make up your own questions!